

Date: 5/22/07

**Under review by the IIPRC Management Committee**

Revision marks reflect changes suggested by public comments. The source of the suggestion is provided in parenthesis after each revision. The source notations would be removed from the approved version.

**INDIVIDUAL SINGLE PREMIUM JOINT LAST TO DIE SURVIVORSHIP WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE POLICY STANDARDS**

**Scope:** These standards are intended to apply to traditional forms of individual single premium joint last to die survivorship whole life insurance which provide that the death benefit is payable upon the death of the last surviving insured to die.

Plans that are interest sensitive with an account value, plans sold in connection with pre-need funeral arrangements, ~~or~~ plans providing early duration reduced benefits or return of premium benefits (Kentucky) shall not be submitted under these standards.

As used in these standards the following definitions apply:

“Cash value” is the guaranteed cash value for the plan of insurance.

“Cash surrender value” is the cash value reduced by indebtedness.

**Drafting Note:**

Other terms may be used in the policy provided that they are used consistently.

The references to “policy” do not preclude Fraternal Benefit Societies from substituting “certificate” in their forms.

**ADDITIONAL SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS**

The following additional filing submission requirements shall apply:

- (1) All forms filed for approval shall be included with the filing. Changes to a previously approved form shall be highlighted. The specifications page of a policy ~~or contract~~ shall be completed with hypothetical data that is realistic and consistent with the other contents of the policy ~~or contract~~ (IAC) and any required actuarial memorandum in support of nonforfeiture values.
- (2) If a filing is being submitted on behalf of a company, a letter or other document authorizing the firm to file on behalf of the insurer ~~should~~ shall (IAC) be included with the filing.
- (3) If the filing contains an insert page, an explanation of when the insert page will be used should be included in the filing.
- (4) If the specification page of the policy ~~or contract~~ (IAC) contains variable items, the submission shall include the Statement of Variability. The submission shall also include a certification that any change or modification to a variable item shall be administered in accordance with the requirements in the Variability of Information section, including any requirements for prior approval of a change or modification.

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- (5) Include a certification signed by a company officer that the policy form has a minimum Flesch Score of 50.
- (6) Include an actuarial memorandum prepared, dated and signed by the member of the American Academy of Actuaries who provides the following information concerning the determination of the nonforfeiture values:
  - (a) A demonstration that the values of the policy comply with the standards of the NAIC Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, model #808. The smoker/nonsmoker mortality tables in the NAIC Model Rule (Regulation) Permitting Smoker/Nonsmoker Mortality Tables For Use In Determining Minimum Reserve Liabilities And Nonforfeiture Benefits, or the mortality rates which are a blend of the male and female rates in the NAIC Procedure For Permitting Same Minimum Nonforfeiture Standards For Men and Women Insured Under 1980 CSO And 1980 CET Mortality Tables, or any other mortality tables approved for use by the NAIC in determining minimum nonforfeiture values, may be used in determining minimum nonforfeiture values. The company shall use the composite mortality table for issue ages at which there is no distinction between smoker and nonsmoker mortality rates and continue to use the table for all future attained ages;
  - (b) A description of the policy and policy provisions which affect the nonforfeiture values;
  - (c) The formulae, assumptions and methodology used. The methodology used may be either the “triple status” approach or the Frasier approach (as described in the March 1978 issue of *The Actuary*, a publication of the Society of Actuaries). However, the “triple status” approach is limited to use with two lives. The actuarial memorandum should also include a description of the methodology to be used for determining the ages to be used for determining nonforfeiture values (for example, exact ages and rate classes or joint equal issue ages). If nonforfeiture values are determined using a joint equal issue ages approach developed using a methodology or tables described in a generally accepted publication of the actuarial profession, a description of such methodology and tables shall be included with information adequate to support its general acceptance and validity;
  - (d) Sample calculations for representative issue ages including issue age 35 if within the issue age range. If the “triple status” methodology is used, sample calculations shall be performed for the situation where both insureds are alive and where only one insured is alive;
  - (e) Certification as to compliance with the NAIC Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, model #808; and
  - (f) The range of issue ages and the minimum specified amount for which the policy will be issued.
- (7) The submission shall indicate the maximum number of insureds that may be covered at any one time and include a specimen specifications page reflecting this scenario.

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- (8) A description of any innovative or unique features of each policy form.
- (9) State whether the policy is sex-distinct or unisex. If sex-distinct, the company shall confirm that the policy will not be issued in any employer-employee plans that are subject to the *Norris* decision and/or Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.
- (10) Appropriate policy pages completed for each type of rating used by the company; for example, percentage of standard class premium, extra premium, temporary or permanent flat charge per \$1,000 to demonstrate how the policy will disclose the rates and charges applicable to each type of rating class. This is not intended to require pages for all rating classes, but only examples of each type of rating applied by the company.

**VARIABILITY OF INFORMATION**

- (1) The company may identify items that will be considered variable only in the specification page. The item shall be bracketed or otherwise marked to denote variability. The submission shall include a Statement of Variability that will discuss the conditions under which each variable item may change.
- (2) Any change or modification shall be limited to only new issues of the policy and shall not apply to in force policies.
- (3) The following items shall only be changed upon prior approval:
  - (a) Mortality tables;
  - (b) Interest rate for cash value and nonforfeiture benefits; and
  - (c) Settlement option tables.
- (4) In addition to the items listed in Paragraph (3) above, a change or modification to any other item not specifically listed that may affect the derivation and compliance of policy values with any required minimum nonforfeiture values shall also be subject to prior approval. All submissions for approval of a change shall be accompanied by a demonstration, if applicable, signed by a member of the American Academy of Actuaries, that the policy continues to comply with the NAIC Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, model #808.
- (5) The company may also identify product specifications that may be changed without prior notice or approval, as long as the Statement of Variability presents reasonable and realistic ranges for the item. These items include minimum loan amounts, charges for supplemental benefits and options, any ages assumed in the calculation of benefits and options, and policy loan interest rates. A zero entry for a range of values on the specifications page for any benefit or credit provided for in the language of the policy is unacceptable. Any change to a range requires a re-filing for prior approval and shall be accompanied by a demonstration, if applicable, signed by a

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member of the American Academy of Actuaries, that the policy continues to comply with the NAIC Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, model #808.

- (6) Notwithstanding Paragraph (1) above, items such as the insurance department address and telephone number, company address and telephone number, officer titles, and signatures of officers located in other areas of the policy may be denoted as variable and changed without notice or prior approval.

**Drafting Note:** The working group believes the above provisions address the issue. Industry may provide examples with specific detail to demonstrate the kinds of variability that they would seek in policies that is not contemplated by this section.

### **READABILITY REQUIREMENTS**

- (1) The policy text shall achieve a minimum score of 50 on the Flesch reading ease test or an equivalent score on any other approved comparable reading test. See Appendix A for Flesch methodology.
- (2) The policy shall be presented, except for specification pages, schedules and tables, in not less than ten point type, one point leaded.
- (3) The style, arrangement and overall appearance of the policy shall give no undue prominence to any portion of the text of the policy or to any endorsements or riders.
- (4) The policy shall contain a table of contents or an index of the principal sections of the policy, if the policy has more than 3,000 words printed on three or fewer pages of text or if the policy has more than three pages regardless of the number of words.

### **GENERAL FORM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **COVER PAGE**

- (1) The full corporate name, including city and state of the company shall appear in prominent print on the cover page of the policy. "Prominent print" means, for example, all capital letters, contrasting color, underlined or otherwise differentiated from the other type on the form.
- (2) A marketing name or logo may also be used on the cover page of the policy provided that the marketing name or logo does not mislead as to the identity of the company.
- (3) The company's complete mailing address for the home office or the office that will administer the policy shall appear on the cover page of the policy. The cover page of the policy shall include a telephone number of the company and, if available, some method of Internet communication. The telephone number of the insurance department of the state where the policy is delivered or issued for delivery is also required on either the cover page or the first specifications page.
- (4) Two signatures of company officers shall appear on the cover page of the policy.

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- (5) A Right to Examine Policy provision that shall appear on the cover page of the policy or is visible without opening the policy.
- (6) A form identification number shall appear at the bottom of the form in the lower left hand corner of the form. The form number shall be adequate to distinguish the form from all others used by the company. The form number shall include a prefix of ICCxx (where xx represents the appropriate year the form was submitted for filing) to indicate it has been approved by the Interstate Insurance Product Regulation Commission.
- (7) A brief description that shall appear in prominent print on the cover page of the policy or be visible without opening the policy. The brief description shall contain at least the following information:
  - (a) A caption of the type of whole life coverage provided; for example, Single Premium Whole Life Insurance;
  - (b) ~~The caption shall also include a~~ A reference to survivorship coverage and ~~indicate an indication (IAC)~~ that insurance is payable on the death of the last insured to die, or when all insureds have died;
  - (c) An indication as to whether the policy is participating or nonparticipating; and
  - (d) An indication of any war risk exclusion in the policy.
- (8) For any policy that has cash value, the policy shall clearly and prominently disclose that, if the owner surrenders the policy, such surrender may result in a substantial penalty because the cash value of the policy may be less than the premium paid.

**SPECIFICATIONS PAGE**

- (1) The specifications page shall include the benefits, amounts, durations, premium information, and any other benefit data applicable to the insureds. Any policy fee shall be identified.
- (2) The specifications page shall list the actual ages of all insureds along with, if applicable, the joint equal issue age.
- (3) If the policy is a participating policy, the specifications page shall indicate that the dividends are not guaranteed. In addition, if the company does not intend to credit dividends, then the specifications page shall state that dividends are not expected or anticipated to be paid.

**FAIRNESS**

- (1) The policy shall not contain inconsistent, ambiguous, unfair, inequitable or misleading clauses, provisions that are against public policy as determined by the Interstate Insurance Product

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Regulation Commission, or contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably affect the risk purported to be assumed in the general coverage of the policy.

**POLICY PROVISIONS**

**AMENDMENTS**

- (1) The policy shall not provide for unilateral amendments that reduce or eliminate benefits or coverage, or impair or invalidate any right granted to the owner under the policy except for amendments to conform to changes in any applicable provisions or requirements of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (2) Amendments to approved forms are subject to prior approval.
- (3) Subject to the prohibition against unfair discrimination, any amendment may apply prospectively to new owners and, if applicable, to new contributions of existing owners.

**Drafting Note:** These standards are modified, as required or permitted by law, to enable fraternal to implement their respective articles and bylaws. See Appendix B.

**ARBITRATION**

- (1) Only arbitration provisions that permit voluntary post-dispute binding arbitration shall be allowed in policy forms With respect to such a provision, the following guidelines apply:
  - (a) Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association (“AAA”), before a panel of 3 neutral arbitrators who are knowledgeable in the field of life insurance and appointed from a panel list provided by the AAA.
  - (b) Arbitration shall be held in the city or county where the policy owner or beneficiary lives.
  - (c) The cost of arbitration shall be paid by the company, to include any deposits or administrative fee required to commence a dispute in arbitration, as well as any other fee including the arbitrator’s fee.
  - (d) Where there is any inconsistency between these guidelines and AAA rules, these guidelines control (AARP).

**Drafting Note:** These standards are modified, as required or permitted by law, to enable fraternal to implement their respective articles and bylaws. See Appendix B.

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**ASSIGNMENT**

- (1) ~~The policy shall contain a provision allowing assignments, except in situations where restrictions are required for tax qualification purposes.~~  
The policy shall contain an assignment provision. The policy shall not include any restrictions on the availability of policy assignments, except in situations where restrictions are required for purposes of satisfying applicable laws or regulations. (IAC)
- (2) ~~The policy shall not condition the owner's right to assign the policy upon the owner's prior receipt of an offer from the company or an affiliate to purchase the policy.~~
- ~~(3)~~ The policy shall describe procedures for assignments and shall state that assignments, unless otherwise specified by the owner, shall take effect on the date the notice of assignment is signed by the owner, subject to any payments made or actions taken by the company prior to receipt of this notice.
- (43) The policy may state that the company shall not be liable for the validity of the assignment.

**Drafting Note:** Restrictions on assignment in policy forms such as right of first refusal or first offer provisions are prohibited by Item (1). (IAC)

**BENEFICIARY**

- (1) The policy shall contain a beneficiary provision. The provision shall describe the procedures for designating or changing the beneficiaries, or for selecting default beneficiaries as may be necessary, and indicating when such designation is effective. The policy shall not include any restriction on change of beneficiary other than for purposes of satisfying applicable ~~federal~~ (IAC) laws or regulations.
- (2) The policy shall state that changes in beneficiary, unless otherwise specified by the owner, shall take effect on the date the notice of change is signed by the owner, subject to any payments made or actions taken by the company prior to receipt of this notice.
- (3) If irrevocable beneficiaries are referenced in the policy, the policy shall explain that such a beneficiary cannot be changed without the consent of the irrevocable beneficiary.

**CONFORMITY WITH INTERSTATE INSURANCE PRODUCT REGULATION COMMISSION STANDARDS**

- (1) The policy shall state that it was approved under the authority of the Interstate Insurance Product Regulation Commission and issued under the Commission standards. The policy shall also state that any provision of the policy that on the provision's effective date is in conflict with Interstate Insurance Product Regulation Commission standards for this product type is hereby amended to conform to the Interstate Insurance Product Regulation Commission standards for this product type as of the provision's effective date.

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**DEATH BENEFIT PROCEEDS**

- (1) The policy shall describe how the death benefit proceeds are determined and shall describe all death benefit options available under the policy.
- (2) The policy shall contain a provision for the payment of interest on the death benefit, as follows:
  - (a) Interest shall accrue and be payable from the date of death.
  - (b) Interest ~~will~~shall (IAC) accrue at the rate or rates applicable to the policy for funds left on deposit or, if the company has not established a rate for funds left on deposit, at the Two Year Treasury Constant Maturity Rate as published by the Federal Reserve. In determining the effective annual rate or rates, the company shall use the rate in effect on the date of death.
  - (c) Interest ~~will~~shall (IAC) accrue at the effective annual rate determined in Item (b) above, plus additional interest at a rate of 10% annually beginning with the date that is 31 calendar days from the latest of Items (i), (ii) and (iii) to the date the claim is paid, where it is:
    - (i) The date that due proof of death is received by the company;
    - (ii) The date the company receives sufficient information to determine its liability, the extent of the liability, and the appropriate payee legally entitled to the proceeds; and
    - (iii) The date that legal impediments to payment of proceeds that depend on the action of parties other than the company are resolved and sufficient evidence of the same is provided to the company. Legal impediments to payment include, but are not limited to (a) the establishment of guardianships and conservatorships; (b) the appointment and qualification of trustees, executors and administrators; and (c) the submission of information required to satisfy state and federal reporting requirements.
- (3) The death benefit proceeds paid shall be at least equal to the death benefit of the policy and any riders that are payable, plus any dividend values in the policy at the time of death, less any indebtedness.
- (4) The policy may require that due proof of the death of an insured will consist of a certified copy of the death certificate of the insured or other lawful evidence providing equivalent information.
- (5) The policy may require receipt of due proof of death of all insureds and, for the last surviving insured who dies, proof of the claimant's interest in the proceeds before payment is made.



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**DEPENDENT AND FAMILY MEMBER COVERAGE**

- (1) The policy may provide coverage for dependents and family members. If the policy provides such coverage:
  - (a) The policy shall comply with the applicable state law where the policy is delivered or issued for delivery, with respect to the coverage and benefits available to ~~partners~~a person who is in a legally-sanctioned domestic partnership or civil union and to their families, or available to a person who is in a legally-sanctioned marriage with the insured and to their families (IAC); and
  - (b) Nothing in this provision shall be construed as requiring any company to provide coverage or benefits to ~~domestic partners or civil union partners~~any person who is in a domestic partnership, civil union or marriage or to their families in a states (IAC) where such relationships are not legally recognized.

**ENTIRE CONTRACT**

- (1) The policy shall contain a provision regarding what constitutes the entire contract between the company and the owner. No document may be included by reference.
- (2) All statements made by the applicant for the issuance or reinstatement of a policy shall, in the absence of fraud, be deemed representations and not warranties.
- (3) If the application is to be a part of the policy, the entire contract provision shall state that the application is a part of the contract.

**Drafting Note:** These standards are modified, as required or permitted by law, to enable fraternal to implement their respective articles and bylaws. See Appendix B.

**EXCLUSIONS**

- (1) Any exclusion applied to the death benefit of the policy payable upon the death of the last insured to die, except for accidental death benefit, shall be limited to the following:
  - (a) War
    - (I) Regarding military exclusions, risk of death may be excluded under the following conditions:
      - (A) As a result of war or act of war, if the cause of death occurs while the insured is serving in the military, naval or air forces of any country, combination of countries or international organization, provided such death occurs while in such forces or within six months after termination of service in such forces; or

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- (B) As a result of the special hazards incident to service in the military, naval or air forces of any country, combination of countries or international organization, if the cause of death occurs while the insured is serving in such forces and is outside the home area, provided such death occurs outside the home area or within six months after the insured's return to the home area or area in such forces or within six months after the termination of service in such forces, whichever is earlier.
  
- (II) Regarding non-combatant civilian exclusions, risk of death may be excluded under the following conditions:
  - (A) As a result of war or an act of war while the insured is serving in any civilian non-combatant unit serving with such forces, provided such death occurs while serving in such units or within six months after termination of service in such units, whichever is earlier.
  
  - (B) As a result of the special hazards incident to service in any civilian non-combatant unit serving with such forces, if the cause of death occurs while the insured is serving in such units and is outside the home area, provided such death occurs outside the home area or within six months after the insured's return to the home area while serving in such units or within six months after the termination of service in such units, whichever is earlier.
  
- (III) Regarding civilian exclusions, risk of death may be excluded under the following conditions:
  - (A) As a result of war or an act of war, within two years from the date of issue of the policy, while the insured is not serving in such forces or units, if the cause of death occurs while the insured is outside the home area, provided such death occurs outside the home area or within six months after the insured's return to the home area.
  
- (IV) "Home area" is defined to include at least the 50 states of the United States and its territories, the District of Columbia and Canada. "War" includes, but is not limited to, declared war, and armed aggression by one or more countries resisted on orders of any other country, combination of countries or international organization. "Act of war" means any act peculiar to military, naval or air operations in time of war.

(b) Avocation, Aviation and Occupation:

The policy may exclude from coverage by rider or endorsement death due to a specific avocation, aviation or occupation based on representations about activities or occupation, made by the proposed insured at the time of application, if the decision by the company is determined based on the established, not unfairly discriminatory underwriting standards in place for the company at the time of application.

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- (2) Any amount payable as a result of death from an excluded act shall be at least equal to the greater of the gross premiums paid for the policy or the policy reserve, each adjusted for dividend values, loans, partial withdrawals and surrenders.
- (3) The policy may not exclude from coverage death due to any specific medical condition.

**INCONTESTABILITY**

- (1) The policy shall contain an incontestability provision and include the conditions of the provision. The policy provision shall satisfy one of the following two methods:
  - (a) The provision shall state that the policy is incontestable after it has been in effect during the lifetime of the surviving insured for no greater than two years; or
  - (b) The provision shall state that, with respect to each insured, coverage is incontestable after it has been in effect during the lifetime of that insured for no greater than two years, but only if the policy states that the company will provide written notice to the policyholder no later than 90 days from the end of the second policy year requesting that the policyholder notify the company of the death of any insured. The provision shall additionally state that failure to provide notice of death will not preclude a contest. The provision shall further state that any action of contest shall commence promptly upon notice of death.
- (2) Coverage may only be contested based on a statement contained in an application made a part of the contract. If the company expects to rely on an application to contest the policy, the company shall attach to or endorse the application as part of the policy. The statement on which the contest is based shall be material to the risk accepted or the hazard assumed by the company.
- (3) The contract may allow a separate contestable period no greater than two years after the date of any change requiring underwriting. The contest shall be limited to the change and the statements provided for the change.
- (4) At the option of the company, the policy may contain an exception to the incontestability provision related to benefits in the event of total and permanent disability and the provision related to accidental death benefit coverage.
- (5) The policy may contain an exception to the incontestability provision for fraud in the procurement of the policy, when permitted by applicable law in the state where the policy is delivered or issued for delivery.
- (6) A preliminary term coverage to precede another plan of insurance may contain incontestability provisions and the successor plan shall compute the time period from the date of issue of the preliminary term coverage.

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- (7) Policy forms shall not contain an incontestability provision that excludes the riders that may be attached to the form unless those riders contain their own incontestability provisions.

**LOANS**

- (1) A policy that develops cash value shall provide for a loan provision.
- (2) The policy shall provide loan privileges during the lifetime of a surviving insured
- (3) The policy shall contain the conditions of a loan including:
  - (a) A statement shall be included that the policy shall be the sole security of the loan.
  - (b) The loan value shall be equal to the cash value at the end of the current policy year, plus the cash value of any dividend additions. The owner has the option to take less than the loan value, subject to a reasonable company minimum loan requirement.
  - (c) The policy shall describe the loan interest rate. The loan interest rate, including any added administrative fees associated with the loan, shall be at a maximum fixed annual rate of 8% in arrears or a variable rate determined in accordance with the NAIC Model Policy Loan Interest Rate Bill, model #590. The company may not charge any additional fees or expenses for the loan.
  - (d) The policy may provide that if interest on any indebtedness is not paid when due it shall be added to the existing indebtedness and shall bear interest at a rate no greater than the loan rate.
  - (e) The policy may provide that existing indebtedness, including any due and accrued interest, may be deducted from the loan value or the proceeds of the loan. The policy may also provide that interest will be collected in advance to the end of the current policy year.
  - (f) The policy shall permit repayment of the loan and describe any conditions related thereto.
  - (g) The policy shall describe the effect of outstanding loans on the death benefit, cash value and maturity value.
  - (h) The policy may provide that if and when the total indebtedness including interest due and accrued equals or exceeds the cash value of the policy plus the cash value of any dividend additions then the policy shall terminate, but not until at least 30 days' advance notice of termination shall have been mailed to the owner and any assignee of record. Upon termination any dividend accumulations shall be paid to the owner.
- (4) The policy shall contain a statement that the company reserves the right to defer the payment of any loan for six months after application for the loan is received by the company except for any loan made to pay premiums due to the company.

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**MISSTATEMENT OF AGE OR SEX**

- (1) The policy shall contain a misstatement of age provision or, if the policy is written on a sex distinct basis, a misstatement of age or sex provision, providing that the amount payable or death benefit shall be such as the premium would have purchased at the correct age or the correct age and sex.
- (2) If spouse or children coverage is part of the policy, the provision may refer to an adjustment of the duration of the benefits.
- (3) The misstatement provision may provide that the amount payable on death or the amount of premium payable may be adjusted due to the misstatement in the age or the age or sex, as appropriate, of any insured.
- (4) The company may not terminate coverage and refund premium if the correct age is outside the issue age ranges of the form. A premium and benefit shall be extrapolated.

**MISSTATEMENT OF SMOKING STATUS**

- (1) In lieu of the right to contest the policy based on a misstatement of smoking status, the policy may provide during the first two policy years for an adjustment due to a misstatement of smoking status of an insured, providing that the amount payable on death shall be the amount that the premium would have purchased using the correct smoking status of each insured.

**NONFORFEITURE VALUES—POLICY PROVISIONS**

- (1) The policy shall state whether the nonforfeiture provisions reflect a change in status and cash value upon the first death, or if there is no change (i.e. they are based on the Frasier methodology).
- (2) The policy shall contain provisions at least as favorable to the surrendering owner as the following:
  - (a) A statement of the mortality table and interest rate used in calculating the cash values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy, together with a table showing the cash value and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, available under the policy on each policy anniversary either during the first 20 years or during the term of the policy, whichever is shorter, such values and benefits to be calculated upon the assumption that there are no dividends or paid-up additions credited to the policy and that there is no indebtedness to the company on the policy. The statement of the mortality table shall be complete (e.g. whether sex distinct or unisex, smoker or nonsmoker, or age nearest birthday or age last birthday). For policy forms using the “triple status” methodology for determining nonforfeiture values, the 20 year tables of cash surrender values and nonforfeiture benefits shall be included in the policy for the following statuses:

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- (i) While the first and second insured are both alive;
- (ii) While only one insured is alive.
- (b) A statement that any cash values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy are not less than the minimum values and benefits required by or pursuant to the NAIC Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, model #808.
- (c) A detailed statement of the method of computation of the values and benefits or a statement that such method of computation has been filed with the Interstate Insurance Product Regulation Commission.
- (d) An explanation of the manner in which the cash values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits are altered by the existence of any paid-up additions credited to the policy or any indebtedness to the company on the policy.
- (e) A statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash value and paid-up nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy on any policy anniversary beyond the last anniversary for which such values and benefits are consecutively shown in the policy.
- (f) A statement that the company reserves the right to defer the payment of any cash surrender value for six months after demand with surrender of the policy.
- (3) A provision that the owner may surrender the policy for the cash surrender value at any time, and if surrendered within 30 days following a policy anniversary that the value available shall not be less than the anniversary value.
- (4) A provision that any cash surrender value and any paid up nonforfeiture benefit, available under the policy at any time other than on a policy anniversary, shall be calculated with allowance for lapse of time.

**OWNERSHIP**

- (1) The policy shall contain an ownership provision. The provision shall describe the procedures for designating or changing the owner and indicating when the designation is effective. The policy shall not include any restriction on change of owner other than for purposes of satisfying applicable laws or regulations.
- (2) ~~The policy shall not condition the owner's right to change the owner of the policy upon the owner's prior receipt of an offer from the company or an affiliate to purchase the policy.~~
- (3) The policy shall state that changes in owner designation, unless otherwise specified by the owner, shall take effect on the date the notice of change is signed by the owner, subject to any payments made or actions taken by the company prior to receipt of this notice.

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- (43) The policy shall describe how contingent owner and joint owner provision operate, if being made available.

**Drafting Note: Restrictions on change of owner in policy forms such as right of first refusal or first offer provisions are prohibited by Item (1). (IAC)**

## **PARTICIPATING POLICY**

A policy may be non-participating; however, if the policy is participating in the divisible surplus of the company, then the following shall apply:

- (1) The conditions of the participation shall be included in the policy.
- (2) The policy shall provide that the company shall annually ascertain and apportion any divisible surplus, beginning not later than the third year.
- (3) The policy shall provide that the owner may receive any dividend payment in cash. Other dividend options may be provided in the policy.
- (4) The policy shall provide for an automatic dividend option if more than one dividend option is provided. If the policy provides for more than one dividend option, the policy shall identify the automatic option.
- (5) Any additional supplemental benefits attached to a participating policy, whether or not considered in determining surplus earnings, may not be specially labeled or described as non-participating.
- (6) Whenever one-year term insurance is purchased by dividends in connection with a policy, the policy shall provide for the return of the unearned charge in the event of termination of the policy (other than by death) prior to the expiration of such one year term insurance.
- (7) The policy shall state that any dividend accumulations and the cash value of any paid up dividend additions shall be paid to the owner upon termination of the policy.

## **PAYMENT OF PREMIUM**

- (1) The policy shall provide for payment of the single premium in advance of the policy becoming effective.

## **RIGHT TO EXAMINE POLICY**

- (1) The Right to Examine Policy provision appearing on the cover page or that is visible without opening the policy shall include the following:

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- (a) (i) If the policy is not a replacement policy, a period of ten days beginning on the date the policy is received by the owner, and at the discretion of the company a longer period may be filed; or
- (ii) If the policy is a replacement policy, a minimum of thirty days beginning on the date the policy is received by the owner, or any longer period as may be required by applicable law in the state where the policy is delivered or issued for delivery;
- (b) A requirement for the return of the policy to the company or an agent of the company. Policy is considered void from the beginning and the parties shall be in the same position as if no policy had been issued;
- (c) A refund of the premium paid, including any fees or charges, if the policy is returned.

**SETTLEMENT OPTIONS**

- (1) The policy shall contain a description of each type and form of settlement option provided in the policy. The guaranteed interest rate and mortality table, if applicable, being utilized for a designated settlement option shall be identified in the policy. In lieu of the interest rate and mortality table disclosure, complete tables of guaranteed settlement option amounts may be included in the policy.
- (2) The policy shall contain a provision stating that the annuity benefits at the time of their commencement will not be less than those that would be provided by the application of the cash surrender value to purchase a single consideration immediate annuity contract at purchase rates offered by the company at the time to the same class of annuitants whether the annuity benefits are payable in fixed or variable amounts or both.

**SUICIDE**

- (1) The policy may provide for a suicide exclusion, which may include the phrase “sane or insane.”
- (2) The suicide exclusion shall include the conditions of the provision.
- (3) The suicide exclusion period shall not exceed two years from the date of issue of the policy. The exclusion shall apply only if all insureds or the last surviving insured commits suicide during this time period.
- (4) At a minimum, a refund of the premium paid, less dividends paid and any indebtedness, shall be paid by the company in the event of death by suicide during the suicide exclusion period.

**ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES**

The policy may include the following provisions:

**MEMBERSHIP**



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- (1) The certificate may include a provision stating that the insured and/or owner is a member and that the form that has been issued to evidence coverage is a certificate of membership and insurance.

**MAINTENANCE OF SOLVENCY**

- (1) The certificate may include a provision setting forth the legal rights and obligations in the case of a fraternal's financial impairment.

**SPECIALIZED PRODUCTS/MARKETING**

**POLICY PROVIDING FOR PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS IN INSTALLMENTS**

- (1) Death benefit shall always be available in a lump sum and installments are optional. If policy proceeds are paid in installments that are determinable prior to the policy maturity, the policy shall contain a table showing the amount of the guaranteed installments.
- (2) A policy that provides installments may provide the owner with the right to commute the installments. If commutation is permitted, the commutation basis shall be in the policy.

**Under review by the IIPRC Management Committee**

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**Appendix A  
Flesch Methodology**

The following measuring method shall be used in determining the Flesch score:

- (1) For policy forms containing 10,000 words or less of text, the entire form shall be analyzed. For policy forms containing more than 10,000 words, the readability of two, 200-word samples per page may be analyzed instead of the entire form. The sample shall be separated by at least 20 printed lines.
- (2) The number of words and sentences in the text shall be counted and the total number of words divided by the total number of sentences. The figure obtained shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.015.
- (3) The total number of syllables shall be counted and divided by the total number of words. The figure obtained shall be multiplied by a factor of 84.6.
- (4) The sum of the figures computed under (2) and (3) subtracted from 206.835 equals the Flesch reading ease score for the policy form.
- (5) For purposes of (2), (3), and (4), the following procedures shall be used:
  - (a) A contraction, hyphenated word, or numbers and letters, when separated by spaces, shall be counted as one word;
  - (b) A unit of words ending with a period, semicolon, or colon, but excluding headings and captions, shall be counted as a sentence; and
  - (c) A syllable means a unit of spoken language consisting of one or more letters of a word as divided by an accepted dictionary. Where the dictionary shows two or more equally acceptable pronunciations of a word, the pronunciation containing fewer syllables may be used.
- (6) The term "text" as used in this section shall include all printed matter except the following:
  - (a) The name and address of the company; the name, number or title of the policy; the table of contents or index; captions and sub-captions; specifications pages, schedules or tables; and;
  - (b) Any policy language which is drafted to conform to the requirements of any federal law or regulation; any policy language required by any collectively bargained agreement; any medical terminology; any words which are defined in the policy; and any policy language required by law or regulation; provided, however, the company identifies the language or terminology excepted by the paragraph and certifies, in writing, that the language or terminology is entitled to be excepted by this paragraph.

Date: 5/22/07

**Under review by the IPRC Management Committee**

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- (7) At the option of the company, riders, endorsements, applications and other forms made a part of the policy may be scored as separate forms or as part of the policy with which they may be used.

**Under review by the IIPRC Management Committee**

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**Appendix B  
Fraternal Benefit Societies**

Fraternal Benefit Societies (“fraternals”) are subject to separate fraternal codes in all jurisdictions due to their unique structure, operations and legal obligations. The Drafting Notes included under the Scope, AMENDMENTS, ARBITRATION and ENTIRE CONTRACT standards, the section entitled ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES, and Appendix B are included in the standards to allow fraternals to experience the benefits of participating in the single point of filing and review process that the Interstate Insurance Product Regulation Commission offers, without jeopardizing their ability to meet their unique obligations and to operate as required or permitted by law.

By law, a fraternal is defined by five basic elements:

1. One without capital stock;
2. One conducted solely for the benefit of its members and their beneficiaries by providing life, health and annuity benefits and by operating one or more social, educational, charitable, patriotic, or religious purposes for the benefit of members and others;
3. One that is a benevolent and charitable institution and not for profit;
4. One operated on a lodge system that may carry out charitable and other activities; and
5. One that has a representative form of government with a governing body and direct election of its members.

The laws governing fraternals impact the standards in several ways. Fraternals are required by law to issue insurance contracts that incorporate the laws of the Society and the application for membership. Thus, the contract must consist not only of the policy or certificate issued, and the application for insurance, but also the application for membership and the articles and bylaws. Further, the laws governing fraternals require or permit that the articles and bylaws address the structure of lodges, membership requirements, form of governance, grievance procedures, and eligible beneficiaries. Any amendments to the articles or bylaws made after issuance of a certificate must be applied consistently to all members retroactively. However, no amendment shall eliminate or reduce contractual benefits.

By law, fraternals are membership organizations. Because of this, the law refers to the insurance forms issued to members of a fraternal as “certificates” or “certificates of membership and insurance”. Further, due to the membership requirements, fraternal certificates often include a provision stating that the insured and/or owner is a member and that the form that has been issued to evidence coverage is a certificate of membership and insurance. In addition, fraternal certificates may include a Maintenance of Solvency provision setting forth the legal rights and obligations in the case of a fraternal’s financial impairment.